

6 fl oz Enfaport™ 30 Cal/fl oz ready-to-use infant formula
Instructions for Preparation and Use

Your baby's health depends on carefully following the instructions below. Proper hygiene, preparation, use, and storage are important when preparing infant formula. Use as directed by your baby's doctor.

Ask your baby's doctor about the need to boil a clean nipple before use. **Inspect** each bottle for signs of damage.

1. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water before preparing feeding bottles
2. **SHAKE BOTTLE WELL** and remove cap.
3. Attach nipple unit (not included).

Your baby's doctor may recommend other mixing instructions to achieve various caloric densities. When caloric densities lower than 30 Cal/fl oz are needed, use the following:

Indicated Cal/fl oz	Water to add to 6 fl oz (177mL) Enfaport™	Formula Yield	Volume for 100 Calories
20	3 fl oz (89 mL)	9 fl oz (266 mL)	5 fl oz (148 mL)
22	2.2 fl oz (64 mL)	8.2 fl oz (241 mL)	4.5 fl oz (134 mL)
24	1.5 fl oz (44 mL)	7.5 fl oz (221 mL)	4.2 fl oz (123 mL)
26	0.9 fl oz (27 mL)	6.9 fl oz (204 mL)	3.8 fl oz (114 mL)
27	0.7 fl oz (20 mL)	6.7 fl oz (197 mL)	3.7 fl oz (110 mL)
28	0.4 fl oz (13 mL)	6.4 fl oz (190 mL)	3.6 fl oz (106 mL)

WARNING: Do not use a microwave oven to warm formula. Serious burns may result.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in severe harm. Opened cans and prepared bottles can spoil quickly. Either feed immediately or replace cap and store in refrigerator at 35 – 40° F (2 – 4° C) for no longer than 24 hours. Do not use opened bottle if they are unrefrigerated for more than a total of 2 hours. Do not freeze. After feeding begins, use formula within one hour or discard.

Storage: Store unopened cans at room temperature. Avoid excessive heat and prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.